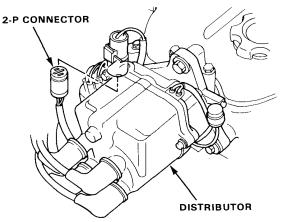
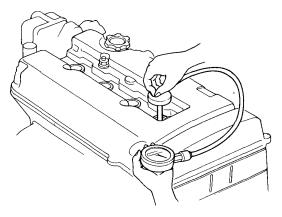


Compression Pressure Inspection - Prive Belts Inspection

- 1. Before inspection, run the engine until it warms up (radiator fan comes on).
- Remove the plug wires (page 5-17). 2.
- Disconnect spark plugs (4). 3.
- Disconnect the 2-P connector (ignition coil primary lead) from the distributor.



- Fit the compression gauge adapter into a plug hole.
 - Measure compression pressure at each cylinder.



Compression pressure:

Standard (new): 1,275 kPa (13.0 kg/cm², 185 psi)

at 250 min-1 (rpm)

932 kPa (9.5 kg/cm², 135 psi) Limit:

at 250 min-1 (rpm)

Difference between cylinders:

169 kPa (2.0 kg/cm², 28 psi)

NOTE: Use a full charged battery.

- If compression pressure is low, it is caused by wear or damage of piston rings or head gasket, and improper seated valves.
- When the pressure is high, inspect the following item.
 - Accumulated carbon on the piston and the cylinder head.

Drive Belts Deflection:

(When applying a force of 98 N (10 kg, 22 lb))

	Used Belt	New Belt
①Alternator Belt	8.5—10.5 mm (0.33—0.41 in.)	5.5-7.5 mm (0.22-0.30 in.)
②A/C Compressor Belt	7.0—9.0 mm (0.28—0.35 in.)	4.5-6.5 mm (0.18-0.26 in.)

Measure with the belt tension gauge:

	Used Belt	New Belt
Alternator Belt	343—490 N (35—50 kg (77—110 lb)	588-785 N (60-80 kg (132-176 lb)
BA/C Compressor Belt	343-490 N (35-50 kg) (77-110 lb)	539-735 N (55-75 kg (121-165 lb)

